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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/646,224	09/14/2000	David Thomas Grose	1430-252	5556
7590	05/10/2004			
EXAMINER				
LANDSMAN, ROBERT S				
		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
		1647	22	
DATE MAILED: 05/10/2004				

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/646,224	GROSE ET AL.
	Examiner Robert Landsman	Art Unit 1647

— The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address —
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM
THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 16 January 2003.
 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final.
 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

4) Claim(s) 1-19 is/are pending in the application.
 4a) Of the above claim(s) 1-7 and 11-19 is/are withdrawn from consideration.
 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
 6) Claim(s) 8-10 is/are rejected.
 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
 10) The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.
 Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
 11) The proposed drawing correction filed on _____ is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.
 If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.
 12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120

13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
 a) All b) Some * c) None of:
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
 * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.
 14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).
 a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.
 15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.

Attachment(s)

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) _____.
 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). _____.
 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
 6) Other: *Sequence Comparisons A* *Sequence B* *Sequence C* *Sequence D* *Sequence E* *Sequence F* *Sequence G* *Sequence H* *Sequence I* *Sequence J* *Sequence K* *Sequence L* *Sequence M* *Sequence N* *Sequence O* *Sequence P* *Sequence Q* *Sequence R* *Sequence S* *Sequence T* *Sequence U* *Sequence V* *Sequence W* *Sequence X* *Sequence Y* *Sequence Z*

DETAILED ACTION

The Office Action dated 4/7/03 has been vacated in favor of this Office Action which provides a search of the prior art for SEQ ID NO:11-17.

1. Formal Matters

A. Claims 1-19 are pending in this application and were subject to restriction in Paper No. 13. In Paper No. 15, filed 8/13/02, Applicants elected Group II and SEQ ID NO:3, with traverse. Applicants argue that this application is a U.S. National Phase of PCT/GB99/00838 and that the principles of unity apply. Applicants argue that Group IV is a process of using the subject matter of Group I such that Groups I, II and IV define a single inventive concept. First, the Examiner apologizes for the previous Examiner's inclusion of claims 8-10 and 18 in Group I. Claim 18 is drawn to the use of a modulator and is not the same inventive concept as a method of using a protein, as recited in claims 15 and 16. Therefore, claims 18 should have been characterized as part of Group IV and not as part of Group IV, which would separate Group IV from Group I. Additionally, claims 8-10 are drawn to human sequences whereas Group I, claims 1-7, 11, 12 and 14-16 are drawn to rat sequences. These are different inventive concepts and, therefore, should be in separate Groups. However, since claims 1-7, 11, 12 and 14-16 (polynucleotide and polypeptide) define a single inventive concept, the Examiner has combined these claims. However, claims 1-19 were subject to another restriction in Paper No. 16, mailed 10/09/02. In Paper No. 17, filed 1/16/03, Applicants elected Group II, claims 8-10 with traverse and argue that a search of all the claims is not undue. This argument has been considered, but is not deemed persuasive. As explained in the restriction, the Groups are independent and distinct since they claim different SEQ ID NOs and a search for one would not necessarily overlap a search of the other. This is the case regarding searching separate nucleotide sequences as well as searching the protein and antibody. Therefore, this restriction is deemed proper and is, therefore, made FINAL.

B. The Information Disclosure Statement, filed 2/9/01, has been entered into the record.

C. The Supplemental Information Disclosure Statement, filed 2/9/01, has been entered into the record.

2. Specification

A. This application does not contain an abstract of the disclosure as required by 37 CFR 1.72(b). An abstract on a separate sheet is required.

B. The specification is objected to since the priority data referencing PCT/GB99/00838 is not present in the first paragraph of the specification.

3. Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

A. Claims 8-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is not supported by a specific, substantial and credible asserted utility or a well established utility. These claims are directed to polynucleotides of SEQ ID NO:3-17, which are purported to encode a human sodium channel protein. However, the invention encompassed by these claims has no apparent or disclosed patentable utility. This rejection is consistent with the current utility guidelines, published 1/5/01, 66 FR 1092. The instant application has provided a description of an isolated protein. However, the instant application does not disclose a specific and substantial biological role of this protein or its significance.

Applicants disclose in the specification that SEQ ID NO:3-17 are all fragments of a gene encoding a human sodium channel protein. However, it is clear from the instant specification that the claimed receptor is what is termed an "orphan receptor" in the art. The instant application does not disclose the biological role of the claimed protein or its significance. There is little doubt that, after complete characterization, this protein will probably be found to have a patentable utility. This further characterization, however, is part of the act of invention and, until it has been undertaken, Applicants' claimed invention is incomplete.

The instant situation is directly analogous to that of which was addressed in *Brenner v. Manson*, 148 U.S.P.Q. 689 (Sus. Ct, 1966), in which a novel compound which was structurally analogous to other compounds which were known to possess anticancer activity was alleged to be potentially useful as an antitumor agent in the absence of evidence supporting this utility. The court expressed the opinion that all chemical compounds are "useful" to the chemical arts when this term is given its broadest interpretation. However, the court held that this broad interpretation was not the intended definition of "useful" as it appears in 35 U.S.C. 101, which required that an invention must have either an immediate obvious or fully disclosed "real-world" utility. The court held that:

"The basic quid pro quo contemplated by the Constitution and the Congress for granting a patent monopoly is the benefit derived by the public from an invention with substantial utility," "[u]nless and until a process is refined and developed to this point - where specific benefit exists in currently available form - there is insufficient justification for permitting an applicant to engross what may prove to be a broad field," and "a patent is not a hunting license," "[i]t is not a reward for the search, but compensation for its successful conclusion."

The specification discloses that the polynucleotides of the invention encode proteins which have significant sequence similarity to sodium channel proteins (page 3, last paragraph). Based on the structural similarity, the specification asserts that the protein encoded for by SEQ ID NO:3-17 have similar activities. Figure 11 and Example 7 demonstrate that the protein of SEQ ID NO:2 (i.e. rat) is a sodium channel. However, no Figures or Examples show that the protein encoded for by SEQ ID NO:3-17 is a human sodium channel. The assertion that the disclosed proteins have biological activities similar to known sodium channel proteins cannot be accepted in the absence of supporting evidence, because generally, the art acknowledges that function cannot be predicted based solely on structural similarity to a protein found in the sequence databases.

For example, Skolnick et al. (2000, Trends in Biotech. 18:34-39) state that knowing the protein structure by itself is insufficient to annotate a number of functional classes, and is also insufficient for annotating the specific details of protein function (see Box 2, p. 36). Similarly, Bork (2000, Genome Research 10:398-400) states that the error rate of functional annotations in the sequence database is considerable, making it even more difficult to infer correct function from a structural comparison of a new sequence with a sequence database (see especially p. 399). Such concerns are also echoed by Doerks et al. (1998, Trends in Genetics 14:248-250) who state that (1) functional information is only partially annotated in the database, ignoring multi functionality, resulting in underpredictions of functionality of a new protein and (2) overpredictions of functionality occur because structural similarity often does not necessarily coincide with functional similarity. Smith et al. (1997, Nature Biotechnology 15:1222-1223) remark that there are numerous cases in which proteins having very different functions share structural similarity due to evolution from a common ancestral gene.

Brenner (1999, Trends in Genetics 15:132-133) argues that accurate inference of function from homology must be a difficult problem since, assuming there are only about 1000 major gene superfamilies in nature, then most homologs must have different molecular and cellular functions. Finally, Bork et al. (1996, Trends in Genetics 12:425-427) add that the software robots that assign functions to new proteins often assign a function to a whole new protein based on structural similarity of a

small domain of the new protein to a small domain of a known protein. Such questionable interpretations are written into the sequence database and are then considered facts.

Therefore, based on the discussions above concerning the specific examples of structurally similar proteins that have different functions, along with the art's recognition that one cannot rely upon structural similarity alone to determine functionality, the specification fails to teach the skilled artisan the utility of the claimed polynucleotide and polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:1 and 2 which are only known to be homologous to sodium channel proteins. Therefore, the instant claims are drawn to a polynucleotide and protein which have a yet undetermined function or biological significance. There is no actual and specific significance which can be attributed to said protein identified in the specification. For this reason, the instant invention is incomplete. In the absence of a knowledge of the natural ligands or biological significance of this protein, there is no immediately obvious patentable use for it. To employ a protein of the instant invention in the identification of substances which bind to and/or mediate activity of the said receptor is clearly to use it as the object of further research which has been determined by the courts to be a non-patentable utility. Since the instant specification does not disclose a "real-world" use for said protein then the claimed invention is incomplete and, therefore, does not meet the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101 as being useful.

4. Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112, first paragraph – lack of enablement

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

- A. Claims 8-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to adequately teach how to use the instant invention. Specifically, since the claimed invention is not supported by a specific, substantial and credible asserted utility or a well established utility for the reasons set forth above, one skilled in the art clearly would not know how to use the claimed invention.
- B. Furthermore, even if claim 8-10 possessed utility under 35 USC 101, they would still be rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, while then being enabling for the polynucleotides of SEQ ID NO:3-17, does not reasonably provide enablement for polynucleotides which are "at least 70% identical" to SEQ ID NO:3-17, or which "hybridize" to these SEQ ID NOs. The

specification does not enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make the invention commensurate in scope with these claims.

In *In re Wands*, 8USPQ2d, 1400 (CAFC 1988) page 1404, the factors to be considered in determining whether a disclosure would require undue experimentation include (1) the quantity of experimentation necessary, (2) the amount of direction or guidance presented, (3) the presence or absence of working examples, (4) the nature of the invention, (5) the state of the prior art, (6) the relative skill of those in the art, (7) the predictability or unpredictability of the art, and (8) the breadth of the claims.

First, the breadth of the claims is excessive with regard to claiming all polynucleotides which are "at least 70% identical" to SEQ ID NO:3-17, or those which "hybridize" under stringent conditions to these SEQ ID NOs. These nucleic acid molecules would have one or more nucleic acid substitutions, deletions, insertions and/or additions to the polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO:1 and would encode proteins which have one or more amino acid substitutions, deletions, insertions and/or additions to the protein encoded for by these SEQ ID NOs.

Applicants provide no guidance or working examples of nucleic acid molecules which hybridize to SEQ ID NO:3-17, or which are at least 70% identical to SEQ ID NO:3-17, nor do they provide a *function* of these nucleic acid molecules, or of the proteins which they encode. Applicants have provided no guidance as to what critical bases, or encoded residues, are required to maintain the functional characteristics of the protein of SEQ ID NO:3-17. Furthermore, it is not predictable to one of ordinary skill in the art how to make a functional sodium channel protein comprising polynucleotides which are less than 100% identical to those of SEQ ID NO:3-17.

In summary, the breadth of the claims is excessive with regard to Applicants claiming all nucleic acids which hybridize to, or which are at least 70% identical to, SEQ ID NO:3-17. There is also a lack of guidance and working examples of these nucleic acid molecules and proteins as well as which bases and amino acid residues are critical for protein function. These factors, along with the lack of predictability to one of ordinary skill in the art as to how to make a functional sodium channel protein encoded for other than SEQ ID NO:3-17 leads the Examiner to hold that undue experimentation is necessary to practice the invention as claimed.

5. Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112, first paragraph – written description

A. Claims 8-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention.

These are genus claims. Nucleic acid molecules which "hybridize" to, or which are "at least 70% identical" to those polynucleotides of SEQ ID NO:3-17 would have one or more nucleic acid substitutions, deletions, insertions and/or additions to said polynucleotides and encode proteins with one or more amino acid substitutions, deletions, insertions and/or additions to the protein encoded for by SEQ ID NO:3-17.

The specification and claims do not indicate what distinguishing attributes are shared by the members of the genus. Thus the scope of the claims includes numerous structural variants, and the genus is highly variant because a significant number of structural differences between genus members is permitted. Although these types of changes are routinely done in the art, the specification and claims do not provide any guidance as to what changes should be made. Structural features that could distinguish compounds in the genus from others in the nucleic acid or protein class are missing from the disclosure. No common structural attributes identify the members of the genus. The general knowledge and level of skill in the art do not supplement the omitted description because specific, not general, guidance is what is needed. Since the disclosure fails to describe the common attributes or characteristics that identify members of the genus, and because the genus is highly variant, SEQ ID NO:3-17, or molecules which hybridize to, or which are 70% identical to, these polynucleotides (which could be at least thousands of molecules) alone are insufficient to describe the genus.

The specification only provides a written description of a rat and human nucleic acid construct. No other species are described, or structurally contemplated, within the instant specification. Therefore, one skilled in the art cannot reasonably visualize or predict critical nucleic acid residues which would structurally characterize the genus of nucleic acids encoding the genus of sodium channel proteins claimed, because it is unknown and not described what structurally constitutes any different nucleic acids encoding sodium channel proteins, or nucleic acids encoding sodium channel proteins from any different species, which are further not described, or any different nucleic acid sequence that is "at least 70% identical" to that depicted as SEQ ID NO:3-17; thereby not meeting the written description requirement under 35 USC 112, first paragraph. Therefore, one of skill in the art would reasonable conclude that the disclosure fails to provide a representative number of species to describe the genus. Thus, Applicant was not in possession of the claimed genus at the time the invention was made.

6. Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112, second paragraph

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

A. Claims 8-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

B. Claim 8 is vague and indefinite since the claim recites "stringent conditions." It is not known what these conditions are. Nucleic acid molecules which hybridize under conditions of "low" stringency would not necessarily hybridize under conditions of "high" stringency. Furthermore, not all conditions of "high" or "low" stringency, for example, are the same. Therefore, it is required that Applicants amend the claims to recite the exact hybridization conditions without using indefinite phrases such as "*for example*" without adding new matter. Claims 9 and 10 are also rejected since they depend from claim 8.

7. Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

A. Claims 8 and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Bonaldo et al. The claims recite a nucleic acid molecule which hybridizes to SEQ ID NO:4 under stringent conditions. Bonaldo et al. teach this nucleic acid molecule (Sequence Comparison A). However, no stringent conditions are recited in the claim. Therefore, due to the numerous areas of 100% overlap between the sequence of Bonaldo and that of SEQ ID NO:4, the nucleic acid of Bonaldo et al. would be expected to

meet this limitation. The artisan would immediately envision the amino acid sequence encoded by this polynucleotide.

B. Claims 8 and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by Tate et al. The claims recite a nucleic acid molecule which hybridizes to SEQ ID NO:5 under stringent conditions. Tate et al. teach this nucleic acid molecule (Sequence Comparison B). However, no stringent conditions are recited in the claim. Therefore, due to the numerous areas of 100% overlap between the sequence of Tate and that of SEQ ID NO:5, the nucleic acid of Tate would be expected to meet this limitation. The artisan would immediately envision the amino acid sequence encoded by this polynucleotide.

C. Claims 8 and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Hillier et al. The claims recite a nucleic acid molecule which hybridizes to SEQ ID NO:9 under stringent conditions. Hillier et al. teach this nucleic acid molecule (Sequence Comparison C). However, no stringent conditions are recited in the claim. Therefore, due to the numerous areas of 100% overlap between the sequence of Hillier and that of SEQ ID NO:9, the nucleic acid of Hillier would be expected to meet this limitation. The artisan would immediately envision the amino acid sequence encoded by this polynucleotide.

D. Claims 8 and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Hillier et al. The claims recite a nucleic acid molecule which hybridizes to SEQ ID NO:10 under stringent conditions. Hillier et al. teach this nucleic acid molecule (Sequence Comparison D). However, no stringent conditions are recited in the claim. Therefore, due to the numerous areas of 100% overlap between the sequence of Hillier and that of SEQ ID NO:9, the nucleic acid of Hillier would be expected to meet this limitation. The artisan would immediately envision the amino acid sequence encoded by this polynucleotide.

E. Claims 8 and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Dib-Hajj et al. The claims recite a nucleic acid molecule which hybridizes to SEQ ID NO:3-17 under stringent conditions. Dib-Hajj et al. teach these nucleic acid molecules (Sequence Comparison E, G, I-11). However, no stringent conditions are recited in the claim. Therefore, due to the numerous areas of 100% overlap between the sequence of Dib-Hajj and that of SEQ ID NO:3-17, the nucleic acids of Dib-Hajj would be expected to meet this limitation. The artisan would immediately envision the amino acid sequence encoded by this polynucleotide. Due to the length and easy accessibility of the patent, only the first page has been included in this Office Action.

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F. Claims 8 and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Au-Young et al. The claims recite a nucleic acid molecule which hybridizes to SEQ ID NO:4, 5 under stringent conditions. Au-Young et al. teach these nucleic acid molecules (Sequence Comparison F, H). However, no stringent conditions are recited in the claim. Therefore, due to the numerous areas of 100% overlap between the sequence of Au-Young and that of SEQ ID NO:4, 5, the nucleic acids of Dib-Hajj would be expected to meet this limitation. The artisan would immediately envision the amino acid sequence encoded by this polynucleotide. Due to the length and easy accessibility of the patent, only the first page has been included in this Office Action.

8. Conclusion

A. No claim is allowable.

Advisory information

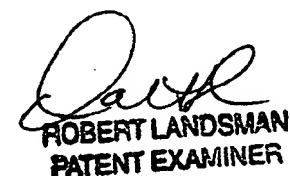
Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Robert Landsman whose telephone number is (703) 306-3407. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday from 8:00 AM to 5:00 PM (Eastern time) and alternate Fridays from 8:00 AM to 5:00 PM (Eastern time).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the Examiner's supervisor, Gary Kunz, can be reached on (703) 308-4623.

Official papers filed by fax should be directed to (703) 308-4242. Fax draft or informal communications with the examiner should be directed to (703) 308-0294.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0196.

Robert Landsman, Ph.D.
Patent Examiner
Group 1600
October 07, 2003



ROBERT LANDSMAN
PATENT EXAMINER

Sequence Comparison

SEQ ID NO:4

LOCUS BM938554 **679 bp** **mRNA** **linear** **EST 29-APR-2002**
DEFINITION UI-M-CG0p-bev-f-08-0-UI.r1 NIH_BMAP_Ret4_S2 Mus musculus cDNA clone
UI-M-CG0p-bev-f-08-0-UI 5', mRNA sequence.
ACCESSION BM938554
VERSION BM938554.1 GI:19397706
KEYWORDS EST.
SOURCE Mus musculus (house mouse)
ORGANISM Mus musculus
Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
Mammalia; Eutheria; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muridae; Murinae; Mus.
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 679)
AUTHORS Bonaldo, M.F., Lennon, G. and Soares, M.B.
TITLE Normalization and subtraction: two approaches to facilitate gene discovery
JOURNAL Genome Res. 6 (9), 791-806 (1996)
MEDLINE 97044477
PUBMED 8889548
COMMENT Contact: Chin, H
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6001 Executive Blvd. Room 7N-7190, MSC 9643, Bethesda, MD
20892-9643, USA
Tel: 301 443 1706
Fax: 301 443 9890
Email: mEST@mail.nih.gov
Tissue Procurement: Dr. Xin-Yuan Fu, Yale University School of Medicine
cDNA Library preparation: Dr. M. Bento Soares, University of Iowa
cDNA Library Arrayed by: Dr. M. Bento Soares, University of Iowa
DNA Sequencing by: Dr. M. Bento Soares, University of Iowa
Clone Distribution: Researchers may obtain clones from Research Genetics (www.resgen.com).
Seq primer: M13 REVERSE.
FEATURES
source Location/Qualifiers
1. .679
/organism="Mus musculus"
/mol_type="mRNA"
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/note="Vector: pT7T3D-Pac (Pharmacia) with a modified polylinker; Site_1: Not I; Site_2: Eco RI; The NIH_BMAP_Ret4_S2 library is a subtracted library, ultimately derived from mouse retina tissue libraries at various stages of development. For a detailed description of the library from which this clone was derived, please visit our web site at brainest.eng.uiowa.edu. The tissue for this library was contributed by Dr. Xin-Yuan Fu, Yale University School of Medicine"
BASE COUNT 151 a 216 c 139 g 172 t 1 others
ORIGIN

Query Match 42.6%; Score 59.6; DB 12; Length 679;
 Best Local Similarity 68.0%; Pred. No. 1.5e-07;
 Matches 83; Conservative 0; Mismatches 39; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 Qy 4 TCTGTGAAGAACGGTCAACGTGATTATCCTCACCTCTTGCCTCAGCATCTTGCC 63
 ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| |||||
 Db 224 TCTGTGAAGAACGGTGTCAACGTGATTATCCTCACCTCTTGCCTCAGCATCTTGCC 165
 ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| |||||
 Qy 64 CTGGTAGGTCAGCAGCTTCATGGGAAGTCTGAACCTGAAATGCATCTCGAGGGACTGT 123
 ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| |||||
 Db 164 CTGATTGGCCTGCAGCTTCATGGGAACCTTCGAAACAAAGTGTGTCGTGGCCATA 105
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 Qy 124 AA 125
 |||||
 Db 104 AA 103

Sequence Comparison B

SEQ ID NO:5

LOCUS RNO237852 5849 bp mRNA linear ROD 03-MAY-1999
 DEFINITION Rattus norvegicus mRNA for voltage-gated sodium channel alpha subunit.
 ACCESSION AJ237852
 VERSION AJ237852.1 GI:4741728
 KEYWORDS alpha subunit; sns2 gene; voltage-gated sodium channel.
 SOURCE Rattus norvegicus (Norway rat)
 ORGANISM Rattus norvegicus
 Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muridae; Murinae; Rattus.
 REFERENCE 1
 AUTHORS Tate,S., Benn,S., Hick,C., Trezise,D., John,V., Mannion,R.J., Costigan,M., Plumpton,C., Grose,D., Gladwell,Z., Kendall,G., Dale,K., Bountra,C. and Woolf,C.J.
 TITLE Two sodium channels contribute to the TTX-R sodium current in primary sensory neurons
 JOURNAL Nat. Neurosci. 1 (8), 653-655 (1998)
 MEDLINE 99212311
 PUBMED 10196578
 REFERENCE 2 (bases 1 to 5849)
 AUTHORS Tate,S.N.
 TITLE Direct Submission
 JOURNAL Submitted (28-APR-1999) Tate S.N., Molecular Pharmacology, GlaxoWellcome Research and Development, Medecines Research Centre, Gunnels Wood Road, Stevenage, Hertfordshire, SG1 2NY, UNITED KINGDOM
 FEATURES Location/Qualifiers
 source 1. .5849
 /organism="Rattus norvegicus"
 /mol_type="mRNA"
 /strain="Sprague-Dawley"
 /db_xref="taxon:10116"
 /tissue_type="dorsal root ganglia"
 gene 1. .5849
 /gene="sns2"
 CDS 1. .5298
 /gene="sns2"
 /codon_start=1
 /product="voltage-gated sodium channel alpha subunit"
 /protein_id="CAB41850.1"
 /db_xref="GI:4741729"

BASE COUNT 1459 a 1458 c 1423 g 1509 t
ORIGIN

Query Match 54.0%; Score 125.2; DB 10; Length 5849;
Best Local Similarity 73.4%; Pred. No. 4e-23;
Matches 160; Conservative 0; Mismatches 58; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 14 AACCCGGAAGCTTATGACCATTGCTTGAAGAAAAGAAAAATTCAACCTGAATTCAAATG 73
||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| |||
Db 862 AACCTGCATCCAACAAGGATTGCTTGAAGAAAAGATAGCGAAGACTTCATAATG 921
||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| |||
Qy 74 TGTGGCATCTGGATGGTAACAGTGCTGTTCCATACAATATGAATGTAAGCACACCAA 133
||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| |||
Db 922 TGTGGTACCTGGCTCGGCAGCACCCCTGCTCCATGGTCTACGTGCGATAAAACACA 981
||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| |||
Qy 134 ATTAATCCTGACTATAATTATACGAATTGGACAACCTTGGCTGGCTTTCTGCCATG 193
||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| |||
Db 982 TTGAACCCAGACAATAATTATACAAAGTTGACAACCTTGGCTGGCTCTCGCCATG 1041
||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| |||
Qy 194 TTCCGGCTGATGACCCAAGATTCCTGGGAGAAGCTTTA 231
||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| |||
Db 1042 TTCCGGTTATGACTCAAGACTCCTGGGAGAGGCTTTA 1079

SEQ ID NO:9

Sequence Comparison C

LOCUS AA446878 499 bp mRNA linear EST 03-JUN-1997
DEFINITION zw90c04.s1 Soares_total_fetus_Nb2HP8_9w Homo sapiens cDNA clone
IMAGE:784230 3' similar to gb:M81758 SODIUM CHANNEL PROTEIN,
SKELETAL MUSCLE ALPHA-SUBUNIT (HUMAN);, mRNA sequence.
ACCESSION AA446878
VERSION AA446878.1 GI:2159543
KEYWORDS EST.
SOURCE Homo sapiens (human)
ORGANISM Homo sapiens
Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 499)
AUTHORS Hillier,L., Allen,M., Bowles,L., Dubuque,T., Geisel,G., Jost,S.,
Kucaba,T., Lacy,M., Le,N., Lennon,G., Marra,M., Martin,J., Moore,B.,
Schellenberg,K., Steptoe,M., Tan,F., Theising,B., White,Y., Wylie,
,T., Waterston,R. and Wilson,R.
TITLE WashU-Merck EST Project 1997
JOURNAL Unpublished
COMMENT Contact: Wilson RK
Washington University School of Medicine
4444 Forest Park Parkway, Box 8501, St. Louis, MO 63108
Tel: 314 286 1800
Fax: 314 286 1810
Email: est@watson.wustl.edu
This clone is available royalty-free through LLNL; contact the
IMAGE Consortium (info@image.llnl.gov) for further information.
Possible reversed clone: polyT not found
Seq primer: -41m13 fwd. ET from Amersham
High quality sequence stop: 392.
FEATURES Location/Qualifiers
source 1. .499
/organism="Homo sapiens"
/mol_type="mRNA"
/db_xref="GDB:5981848"
/db_xref="taxon:9606"
/clone="IMAGE:784230"

/dev_stage="8-9 weeks"
 /lab_host="DH10B"
 /clone_lib="Soares_total_fetus_Nb2HF8_9w"
 /note="Vector: pT7T3D-Pac (Pharmacia) with a modified
 polylinker; Site_1: Not I; Site_2: Eco RI; 1st strand cDNA
 was prepared from mRNA obtained from pooled 8-9 week
 (total) fetus material with a Not I - oligo(dT) primer [5'
 TGTTACCAATCTGAAGTGGGAGCGGCCGTTAATTTTTTTTTTTTT 3'].
 Double-stranded cDNA was ligated to Eco RI adaptors
 (Pharmacia), digested with Not I and cloned into the Not I
 and Eco RI sites of the modified pT7T3 vector. Library
 went through one round of normalization, and was
 constructed by Bento Soares and M. Fatima Bonaldo."

BASE COUNT 160 a 110 c 100 g 129 t
 ORIGIN

Query Match 71.4%; Score 239.2; DB 9; Length 499;
 Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 9.6e-60;
 Matches 303; Conservative 0; Mismatches 12; Indels 7; Gaps 5;

Qy	15 CTTAACTGGCTTTCT--CCGTTTCTGTTCTCGCTTTCTACAGCTCA-GGTCTCAA 71
Db	478 CTTAACTGGCTTTCTTCCATTGGTTGTTCTACAGCTCAGGGCTTCAA 419
Qy	72 GT--ACCAAATCCTGGCCAACCTTGAACACACTAATTAAAGATAATCCGGCAA CTCGTC 129
Db	418 GTTAGCCAATCCTGGCCAACCTTGAACACACTAATTAAAGATAAT-CGGCAACTCT-GTC 361
Qy	130 GGAGCCCTTGGAAAGCCTGACTGTGGTCTGGTATTGTGATCTTATTTCTCAGTAGTT 189
Db	360 GGAGCCCTTGGAAAGCCTGACTGTGGTCTGGTATTGTGATCTTATTTCTCAGTAGTT 301
Qy	190 GGCATGCAGCTTTGGCCGTAGCTCAATTCCAAAAGAGTCCAAAACTCTGTAACCCG 249
Db	300 GGCATGCAGCTTTGGCCGCAGCTCAATTCCAAAAGAGTCCAAAACTCTGTAACCCG 241
Qy	250 ACAGGCCCGACAGTCTCATGTTACGGCACTGGCACATGGGGATTCCTGGCACTCCTTC 309
Db	240 ACAGGCCCGACAGTCTCATGTTACGGCACTGGCACATGGGGATTCCTGGCACTCCTTC 181
Qy	310 CTAGTGGTATCGCGCATCCTCT 331
Db	180 CTAGTGGTATTCCGCATCCTCT 159

SEQ ID NO:10

Sequence Comparison D

LOCUS AA634923
 DEFINITION 382 bp mRNA linear EST 06-MAR-1998
 ab28g06.r1 Stratagene lung (#937210) Homo sapiens cDNA clone
 IMAGE:842170 5', mRNA sequence.
 ACCESSION AA634923
 VERSION AA634923.1 GI:2558137
 KEYWORDS EST.
 SOURCE Homo sapiens (human)
 ORGANISM Homo sapiens
 Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
 Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 382)
 AUTHORS Hillier,L., Allen,M., Bowles,L., Dubuque,T., Geisel,G., Jost,S.,
 Krizman,D., Kucaba,T., Lacy,M., Le,N., Lennon,G., Marra,M., Martin
 ,J., Moore,B., Schellenberg,K., Steptoe,M., Tan,F., Theising,B.,
 White,Y., Wylie,T., Waterston,R. and Wilson,R.

TITLE WASHU-NCI human EST Project
JOURNAL Unpublished
COMMENT
 Contact: Wilson RK
 Washington University School of Medicine
 4444 Forest Park Parkway, Box 8501, St. Louis, MO 63108
 Tel: 314 286 1800
 Fax: 314 286 1810
 Email: est@watson.wustl.edu
 This clone is available royalty-free through LLNL ; contact the
 IMAGE Consortium (info@image.llnl.gov) for further information.
 Insert Length: 1063 Std Error: 0.00
 Seq primer: -28m13 rev1 ET from Amersham
 High quality sequence stop: 381.
FEATURES
source Location/Qualifiers
 1. .382
 /organism="Homo sapiens"
 /mol_type="mRNA"
 /db_xref="taxon:9606"
 /clone="IMAGE:842170"
 /sex="male"
 /dev_stage="72 years"
 /lab_host="SOLR cells (kanamycin resistant)"
 /clone_lib="Stratagene lung (#937210)"
 /note="Organ: lung; Vector: pBluescript SK-; Site_1: EcoRI
 ; Site_2: XbaI; Cloned unidirectionally. Primer: Oligo
 dT. normal lung. Average insert size: 1.0 kb; Uni-ZAP XR
 Vector; -5' adaptor sequence: 5' GAATTCCGCACGAG 3' -3'
 adaptor sequence: 5' CTCGAGTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTT 3'"
BASE COUNT 93 a 87 c 79 g 123 t
ORIGIN
 Query Match 13.6%; Score 35.4; DB 9; Length 382;
 Best Local Similarity 56.4%; Pred. No. 7.9;
 Matches 66; Conservative 0; Mismatches 51; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 Qy 9 CAAAGACCCCTGGCGTCAGGCATGATTGGACTTGGTGGCACCACTTGCGGAGGGAGGAAG 68
 ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| |||
 Db 138 CAGAAACACAGGCCTTCAGCTCACGCTGGGTGGTGGCAGCAGTTGTATGGATAGAAA 197
 Qy 69 ATGACGTTGAATTTCTGGTGAAGATAATGCACAGCCATCACACAACCTGAGCCTG 125
 ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| |||
 Db 198 AGGGCATTGTGTTCAAGGCTGAATCCTCTGCACAGTGCCCTCCACATACATAACCCG 254

; Sequence 41, Application US/09354147C
 ; Patent No. 6573067
 ; GENERAL INFORMATION:
 ; APPLICANT: Dib-Hajj, Sulayman
 ; APPLICANT: Waxman, Stephen G.
 ; TITLE OF INVENTION: Modulation of Sodium Channels in Dorsal Root Ganglia
 ; FILE REFERENCE: 44574-5004-01-US
 ; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/354,147C
 ; CURRENT FILING DATE: 1999-07-16
 ; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/072,990
 ; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1998-01-29
 ; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/109,402
 ; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1998-11-20
 ; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/US99/02008
 ; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1999-01-29
 ; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 44
 ; SOFTWARE: PatentIn Ver. 2.1
 ; SEQ ID NO 41
 ; LENGTH: 5860
 ; TYPE: DNA
 ; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
 ; FEATURE:
 ; NAME/KEY: CDS
 ; LOCATION: (31)..(5403)
 ; OTHER INFORMATION: full length cDNA sequence for human NaN
 US-09-354-147C-41

Query Match 68.4%; Score 204.4; DB 4; Length 5860;
 Best Local Similarity 96.9%; Pred. No. 8.7e-62;
 Matches 219; Conservative 0; Mismatches 6; Indels 1; Gaps 1;

Qy	73 GGGTGAAGATGGATGACAGATGCTACCCAGTAATCTTCCAGATGAGCGGAATTCCGCC 132
Db	23 GGGTGAAGATGGATGACAGATGCTACCCAGTAATCTTCCAGATGAGCGGAATTCCGCC 82
Qy	133 CCTTCACTTCCGACTCTGGCTGCAATTGAGAAGCGGATTGCCATCCAAAAGGAGAAAA 192
Db	83 CCTTCACTTCCGACTCTGGCTGCAATTGAGAAGCGGATTGCCATCCAAAAGGAGAAAA 142
Qy	193 AGAAGTCTAAAGACCAGACAGGAGAAGTACCCAGCCTAACCTCAGCTTGACCTAAAGG 252
Db	143 AGAAGTCTAAAGACCAGACAGGAGAAGTACCCAGCCTGGCTCAGCTTGACCTAAAGG 202
Qy	253 CCTCCAGGAAGTTGCCAA-CTCTATGGCGACAATCCTCGGAGGCT 297
Db	203 CCTCCAGGAAGTTGCCAAAGCTCTATGGCGACATTCTCGTGAGCT 248

SEQ ID NO:4

F

; Sequence 93, Application US/09016434
; Patent No. 6500938
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Janice Au-Young
; APPLICANT: Jeffrey J. Seilhamer
; TITLE OF INVENTION: COMPOSITION FOR THE DETECTION OF SIGNALING
; TITLE OF INVENTION: PATHWAY GENE EXPRESSION
; NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 1490
; CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
; ADDRESSEE: INCYTE PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.
; STREET: 3174 PORTER DRIVE
; CITY: PALO ALTO
; STATE: CALIFORNIA
; COUNTRY: USA
; ZIP: 94304
; COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
; MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
; COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
; OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
; SOFTWARE: Word Perfect 6.1 for Windows/MS-DOS 6.2
; CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
; APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/016,434
; FILING DATE: HEREWITH
; CLASSIFICATION:
; PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
; APPLICATION NUMBER:
; FILING DATE:
; CLASSIFICATION:
; ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
; NAME: Zeller, Karen J.
; REGISTRATION NUMBER: 37,071
; REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: PA-0002 US
; TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
; TELEPHONE: (650) 855-0555
; TELEFAX: (650) 845-4166
; INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 93:
; SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
; LENGTH: 264 base pairs
; TYPE: nucleic acid
; STRANDEDNESS: single
; TOPOLOGY: linear
; IMMEDIATE SOURCE:
; LIBRARY: LUNGTUT02
; CLONE: 1238311
US-09-016-434-93

Query Match 100.0%; Score 140; DB 4; Length 264;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.6e-34;
Matches 140; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 CGCTCTGTGAAGAACGCTGGTCAACGTGATTATCCTCACCTTCTTTGCCTCAGCATT 60
|||
Db 1 CGCTCTGTGAAGAACGCTGGTCAACGTGATTATCCTCACCTTCTTTGCCTCAGCATT 60

Qy 61 GCCCTGGTAGGTCAAGCTCTCATGGGAAGCTGAACTGAAATGCATCTCGAGGGAC 120
|||
Db 61 GCCCTGGTAGGTCAAGCTCTCATGGGAAGCTGAACTGAAATGCATCTCGAGGGAC 120

Qy 121 TGTAAAAATATCAGTAACCC 140
|||
Db 121 TGTAAAAATATCAGTAACCC 140

SEQ ID NO:5

; Sequence 41, Application US/09354147C
; Patent No. 6573067
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
US-09-354-147C-41

Query Match 100.0%; Score 232; DB 4; Length 5860;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.1e-61;
Matches 232; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 TAAAAATATCAGTAACCCGGAAGCTTATGACCATTGCTTGAAAAGAAAGAAAATTCAACC 60
|||
Db 894 TAAAAATATCAGTAACCCGGAAGCTTATGACCATTGCTTGAAAAGAAAGAAAATTCAACC 953
|||
Qy 61 TGAATTCAAAATGTGTGGCATCTGGATGGTAACAGTGCCCTGTTCCATACAAATATGAATG 120
|||
Db 954 TGAATTCAAAATGTGTGGCATCTGGATGGTAACAGTGCCCTGTTCCATACAAATATGAATG 1013
|||
Qy 121 TAAGCACACCAAAATTAATCCTGACTATAATTATACGAATTGGACAACCTTGGCTGGTC 180
|||
Db 1014 TAAGCACACCAAAATTAATCCTGACTATAATTATACGAATTGGACAACCTTGGCTGGTC 1073
|||
Qy 181 TTTTCTTGCCATGTTCCGGCTGATGACCCAGATTCTGGGAGAAGCTTTAT 232
|||
Db 1074 TTTTCTTGCCATGTTCCGGCTGATGACCCAGATTCTGGGAGAAGCTTTAT 1125

RESULT 3
US-09-016-434-93
; Sequence 93, Application US/09016434
; Patent No. 6500938
US-09-016-434-93

Query Match 61.2%; Score 142; DB 4; Length 264;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.5e-34;
Matches 142; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 TAAAAATATCAGTAACCCGGAAGCTTATGACCATTGCTTGAAAAGAAAGAAAATTCAACC 60
|||
Db 123 TAAAAATATCAGTAACCCGGAAGCTTATGACCATTGCTTGAAAAGAAAGAAAATTCAACC 182
|||
Qy 61 TGAATTCAAAATGTGTGGCATCTGGATGGTAACAGTGCCCTGTTCCATACAAATATGAATG 120
|||
Db 183 TGAATTCAAAATGTGTGGCATCTGGATGGTAACAGTGCCCTGTTCCATACAAATATGAATG 242
|||
Qy 121 TAAGCACACCAAAATTAATCCT 142
|||
Db 243 TAAGCACACCAAAATTAATCCT 264

SEQ ID NO:6

; Sequence 6, Application US/09354147C
; Patent No. 6573067
Query Match 62.3%; Score 112.2; DB 4; Length 3701;
Best Local Similarity 92.6%; Pred. No. 7e-29;
Matches 162; Conservative 0; Mismatches 8; Indels 5; Gaps 4;

Qy 7 GGGCTACTCAGTCTTCTTCTTCATTGTGGTCATTCTGGGCTCCCTCTACCTGAT 66
|||
Db 521 GGCTCTACTCAGTCTTCTTCTTCATTGTGGTCATTCTGGGCT--CCTTCTACCTGAT 578

Qy 67 TAACTTAAACCTGGCTGTTACCATGGGCATATGAGGAGCCGAACAAGAATGTAGCT 126
|||
Db 579 TAACTT-AACCTGGCTGTTACCAT-GGCATATGAGGAGCAGAACAGAATGTAGCT 636
|||
Qy 127 GCAGAGATAGAGGCCAGGAAAAGATG-TTCAGGAAGCCCAGCAGCTGGTTAAAG 180
|||
Db 637 GCAGAGATAGAGGCCAGGAAAAGATGTTCAAGGAAGCCCAGCAGCTGGTTAAAGG 691

SEQ ID NO:7

J

; Sequence 41, Application US/09354147C
; Patent No. 6573067
Query Match 49.1%; Score 88.4; DB 4; Length 5860;
Best Local Similarity 98.9%; Pred. No. 3e-19;
Matches 89; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
Qy 1 TATCACTGGACCACCTTGATGAGCATGGAGATCCTCTCCAAAGGCAGAGAGCACTGAGTG 60
|||
Db 1544 TATCACTGGACCACCTTGATGAGCATGGAGATCCTCTCCAAAGGCAGAGAGCACTGAGTG 1603
|||
Qy 61 TTGTCAGCATCCTCACCATCACCATGAAGG 90
|||
Db 1604 CTGTCAGCATCCTCACCATCACCATGAAGG 1633

SEQ ID NO:8

K

; Sequence 6, Application US/09354147C
; Patent No. 6573067
Query Match 65.2%; Score 195; DB 4; Length 3701;
Best Local Similarity 90.5%; Pred. No. 2.8e-55;
Matches 220; Conservative 0; Mismatches 20; Indels 3; Gaps 1;
Qy 57 GAACAAGAAAAATACAAGAGCCTTGTCTCCCTTGTGGAGAAAACCTGGCATCCAAGTAC 116
|||
Db 1006 GAACAAGAAAAATACAAGAGCCTTGTCTCCCTTGTGGAGAAAACCTGGCATCCAAGTAC 1065
|||
Qy 117 CTCGTGTGAACTGTTGCCCTCAGTGGCTGTGCGTAAAGAAGGTCTGAGAACCGTCATG 176
|||
Db 1066 CTCGTGTGAACTGTTGCCCTCAGTGGCTGTGCGTTAAGAAGGTCTGAGAACCTGTGATG 1125
|||
Qy 177 ACGGTCCCGTTACTGAGCTGGACATCACGATCTGCATCATCATCAACACAGACTTCTTG 236
|||
Db 1126 ACTGACCCGTTACTGAGCTGGCATCACCATCTGCATCATCATCAACACTGTCTTCTTG 1185
|||
Qy 237 GACATGGAGCATCACAAGATGTAAGGCAACGTATTGGAGACGATGTTGAATATAGGGCAG 296
|||
Db 1186 CCCATGGAGCATCACAAGATGGAGGCCA--GTTTGAGAAGATGTTGAATATAGGAAAT 1242
|||
Qy 297 TAG 299
|||
Db 1243 TTG 1245

SEQ ID NO:9 *L*

; Sequence 6, Application US/09354147C
; Patent No. 6573067
Query Match 68.6%; Score 229.8; DB 4; Length 3701;
Best Local Similarity 98.4%; Pred. No. 3.7e-71;
Matches 253; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 2; Gaps 2;

Qy 75 CCAAATCCTGGCCAACCTTGAAACACACTAATTAAGATAATCCGGCAACTCTCGTCGGAGC 134
||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db 1445 CCAAATCCTGGCCAACCTTGAAACACACTAATTAAGATAAT-CCGCAACTCT-GTCGGAGC 1502

Qy 135 CCTTGGAAAGCCTGACTGTGGCCTGGCATTGTGATCTTATTTCTCAGTAGTTGGCAT 194
||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db 1503 CCTTGGAAAGCCTGACTGTGGCCTGGCATTGTGATCTTATTTCTCAGTAGTTGGCAT 1562

Qy 195 GCAGCTTTGGCCGTAGCTTCATTCCAAAAGAGTCCAAAACCTCTGTAACCCGACAGG 254
||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db 1563 GCAGCTTTGGCCGTAGCTTCATTCCAAAAGAGTCCAAAACCTCTGTAACCCGACAGG 1622

Qy 255 CCCGACAGTCTCATGTTACGGCACTGGCACATGGGGGATTCTGGCACTCCTCTAGT 314
||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db 1623 CCCGACAGTCTCATGTTACGGCACTGGCACATGGGGGATTCTGGCACTCCTCTAGT 1682

Qy 315 GGTATCGCGCATCCTCT 331
||||||||||||
Db 1683 GGTATTCCGCATCCTCT 1699

SEQ ID NO:10 *M*

; Sequence 6, Application US/09354147C
; Patent No. 6573067
Query Match 51.3%; Score 134; DB 4; Length 3701;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 6.1e-36;
Matches 134; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 CTCTGTACCAAAGACCCCTGGCGTCAGGCATGATTGGACTTGGTTGGCACCACTTGCAGA 60
||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db 2106 CTCTGTACCAAAGACCCCTGGCGTCAGGCATGATTGGACTTGGTTGGCACCACTTGCAGA 2165

Qy 61 GGAGGAAGATGACGTTGAATTCTGGTAAGATAATGCACAGCGCATCACACAACCTGA 120
||||||||||||
Db 2166 GGAGGAAGATGACGTTGAATTCTGGTAAGATAATGCACAGCGCATCACACAACCTGA 2225

Qy 121 GCCTGAACAAACAGG 134
||||||||||||
Db 2226 GCCTGAACAAACAGG 2239

N

SEQ ID NO:11

; Patent No. 6573067
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Dib-Hajj, Sulayman
; APPLICANT: Waxman, Stephen G.

US-09-354-147C-6

Query Match 42.0%; Score 90.2; DB 4; Length 3701;
Best Local Similarity 96.8%; Pred. No. 3.7e-21;
Matches 92; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 81 AGAAGTCTGATGTTACCACTATCAGAATGTAGCACCATTGATCTTCAGGATGGCT 140
||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db 2351 AGAAGTCTGATGTTACCACTATCAGAATGTAGCACCATTGATCTTCAGGATGGCT 2410

Qy 141 TTGGATGGTTACCTGAGATGGTCCAAAGAAAAA 175
||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db 2411 TTGGATGGTTACCTGAGATGGTCCAAAGCAA 2445

C

SEQ ID NO:12

; Patent No. 6573067
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Dib-Hajj, Sulayman
; APPLICANT: Waxman, Stephen G.

Query Match 13.5%; Score 46.8; DB 4; Length 3701;
Best Local Similarity 88.1%; Pred. No. 6.8e-06;
Matches 74; Conservative 0; Mismatches 7; Indels 3; Gaps 2;

Qy 46 TAACTTAATGGAATT--AGAACCTTCCGGATCTACGAGCACTGAGGCTC-TCGTGCGCT 102
||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db 2817 TAACTTAATGGAATTGAAGTCCTTCCGGACTCTACGAGCACTGAGGCTCTCGTGCGCT 2876

Qy 103 GTCCCAAGTTGAAGGAATGAAGGT 126
||||||||||||||||
Db 2877 GTCCCAAGTTGAAGGAATGAAGGT 2900

P

SEQ ID NO:13

; Patent No. 6573067
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Dib-Hajj, Sulayman
; APPLICANT: Waxman, Stephen G.
US-09-354-147C-6

Query Match 48.3%; Score 107.8; DB 4; Length 3701;
Best Local Similarity 96.0%; Pred. No. 2.5e-23;
Matches 143; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 4; Gaps 3;

Qy 52 AAGGTGGTGGTCAATGCTCTCATAGGTGCCATACCTCCATTCTGAATGTTTGCTTGT 111
||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db 2896 AAGGTGGTGGTCAATGCTCTCATAGGTGCCATACCTGCCATT-CTGAATGTTTGCTTGT 2954

Qy 112 CTGCCTCATTTCTGGCTCGTATTTGTATTCTGGAGTATACTTCCCTTCCCTGGAAAAA 171
|||
Db 2955 CTGCCTCATTTCTGGCTCGTATTTGTATTCTGGAGTATACTTC- TTTCTGGAAAAA 3012
|||
Qy 172 TTTGGGAAATGCATTCAATGGAACAGACT 200
|||
Db 3013 TTTGGGAAATGCATT-AATGGAACAGACT 3040

Q

SEQ ID NO:14

; Patent No. 6573067
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Dib-Hajj, Sulayman
; APPLICANT: Waxman, Stephen G.
US-09-354-147C-6

Query Match 19.3%; Score 47; DB 4; Length 3701;
Best Local Similarity 90.9%; Pred. No. 1.5e-06;
Matches 50; Conservative 0; Mismatches 5; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 36 GGCACAATTAAAGGGCTGGATGGATATCGTTATGCAGCTGTTGATTCCACAGAG 90
|||
Db 3162 GGCAACATTAAAGGGCTGGATGGATTATATATGCAGCTGTTGATTCCACAGAG 3216

R

SEQ ID NO:15

; Patent No. 6573067
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Dib-Hajj, Sulayman
; APPLICANT: Waxman, Stephen G.
US-09-354-147C-6

Query Match 32.9%; Score 134.4; DB 4; Length 3701;
Best Local Similarity 90.1%; Pred. No. 1.2e-26;
Matches 155; Conservative 0; Mismatches 16; Indels 1; Gaps 1;

Qy 202 ATTTCTAACAGAAAGAACAAACAGCCAGAGTTGAGAGCAATTCACTCGGTTACATTT-CT 260
|||
Db 3206 ATTCCACAGAGAAAGAACAAACAGCCAGAGTTGAGAGCAATTCACTCGGTTACATTTACT 3265
|||
Qy 261 TCGTAGTCTTATCATCTTGGCTCATTCTCACTCTGAATCTCTCATGGCGTTATCA 320
|||
Db 3266 TCGTAGTCTTATCATCTTGGCTCATTCTCACTCTGAATCTCTCATGGCGTTATCA 3325
|||
Qy 321 TTGACAACCTCAACCAACAGCAGAAAAAGATAAGTATCTGGGTTGTCTTGAT 372
|||
Db 3326 TTGACAACCTCAACCAACAGCAGAAAAAGTTAGGTGGCCAAGACATTTTAT 3377

SEQ ID NO:16

5

; Patent No. 6573067
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Dib-Hajj, Sulayman
; APPLICANT: Waxman, Stephen G.
US-09-354-147C-41

Query Match 27.9%; Score 163.4; DB 4; Length 5860;
Best Local Similarity 93.7%; Pred. No. 4.1e-39;
Matches 192; Conservative 0; Mismatches 11; Indels 2; Gaps 2;

Qy 70 TACCTAACCATGATTGGCTTGTGGCTAAATATAACACCAACCCAAAGCCATGGAAT 129
||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| |||
Db 4158 TATCCTAACATGATTAGCATGTGGCTGAATCATAACACCA-CCCAAAGCCATGAAAT 4216

Qy 130 CCATCCTTGACCACATCTCAACTGGGTCTTGTGGTCATCTTACGTTAGAATGTCTCATC 189
||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| |||
Db 4217 CCATCCTTGACCACATCT-CAACTGGGTCTTGTGGTCATCTTACGTTAGAATGTCTCATC 4275

Qy 190 AAAATCTTGCTTGAGGCAATACTACTTCACCAATGGCTGGAATTATTTGACTGTGTG 249
||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| |||
Db 4276 AAAATCTTGCTTGAGGCAATACTACTTCACCAATGGCTGGAATTATTTGACTGTGTG 4335

Qy 250 GTCGTGCTTCTTCCATTGTTAGTA 274
||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| |||
Db 4336 GTCGTGCTTCTTCCATTGTTAGTA 4360

SEQ ID NO:17

T

; Patent No. 6573067
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Dib-Hajj, Sulayman
; APPLICANT: Waxman, Stephen G.
US-09-354-147C-41

Query Match 90.0%; Score 200.6; DB 4; Length 5860;
Best Local Similarity 97.7%; Pred. No. 1.5e-57;
Matches 214; Conservative 0; Mismatches 4; Indels 1; Gaps 1;

Qy 5 CAAGGTGGACAAATGACTTGGAAACGGGCCTCATCACCACCTCCAGACTCTTGCA 64
||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| |||
Db 5295 CCAAGGTGACCAAAATGACTT-GGAAACGGGCCTCATCACCACCTCCAGACTCTTGCA 5353

Qy 65 ATGGAGACTTGTCTAGCTTGTTGGGTGGCCAAAGGGCAAGGTCCACTGTGACTGAGCCCTCA 124
||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| |||
Db 5354 ATGGAGACTTGTCTAGCTTGTTGGGTGGCCAAAGGGCAAGGTCCACTGTGACTGAGCCCTCA 5413

Qy 125 CCTCCACGCCTACCTCATAGCTTCACAGCCTTGCCCTCAGCCTCTGAGCTCCAGGGTCA 184
||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| |||
Db 5414 CCTCCACGCCTACCTCATAGCTTCACAGCCTTGCCCTCAGCCTCTGAGCTCCAGGGTCA 5473

Qy 185 GCAGCTTAGTGTATCAACAGGGAGTGGATTACCAAATT 223
||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| ||| |||
Db 5474 GCAGCTTAGTGTATCAACAGGGAGTGGATTACCAAATT 5512